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APPLICATION NO).	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/674,796		10/01/2003	Hiroki Tawa	107348-00372	107348-00372 4154	
4372	7590	11/19/2004		EXAM	EXAMINER	
•		TNER PLOTKIN &	WRIGHT, A	WRIGHT, ANDREW D		
SUITE 40		JT AVENUE, N.W.		ART UNIT	ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
WASHING	WASHINGTON, DC 20036			3617		
				DATE MAILED: 11/19/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Commons	10/674,796	TAWA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	/			
<u> </u>	Andrew Wright	3617				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeariod for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence addi	ress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a, cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this com D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ımunication.			
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01 S	September 2004.					
·	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for alloward closed in accordance with the practice under	ince except for formal matters, pro		merits is			
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-5 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1.2.4 and 5 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) 3 is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	own from consideration.		:			
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.	•				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureat* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. Its have been received in Applicationity documents have been received in Application (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National S	Stage			
Attachment(s)	•					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:		152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claims 2, 4, and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 3. Claim 2 recites "a branching part of the cooling water passages". It is unclear if the recitation "a branching part" refers to the "pair of left and right cooling water passages branching from..." already recited in claim 1, or if the recitation refers to a different structural element. It is unclear if the recitation "the cooling water passages" refers only to the "pair of left and right cooling water passages branching from...", or to both the "pair of left and right cooling water passages branching from..." and the "cooling water passage for supplying cooling water...". Claims 4 and 5 have similar recitations and are unclear for the same reasons. It will be assumed for examination that the recitations refer to the already recited pair of left and right passages.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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5. Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sato et al. (US 6,155,895) in view of Kunze et al. (US 6,595,164) and Okada et al. (US 5,497,734). Sato shows a water cooled engine with vertical crankshaft, connecting rods, pistons, cylinders, cylinder block, cylinder head, combustion chambers, cylinder block water jacket, cylinder head water jacket and cooling water pump. Such is well known and common in the art. Sato discloses that the pump supplies water to the exhaust manifold, then to cylinder block jacket, then to the cylinder head jacket (column 9, lines 40-67, and fig 9). The cooling water passes from the block jacket to the head jacket via gasket faces of the block and head. Sato does not disclose left and right branches from a block jacket supply passage that communicate with the cylinder head jacket via gasket faces of the block and head. Kunze shows a cooling system for an internal combustion engine. Kunze demonstrates the equivalence of serial and parallel flow between the head jacket and block jacket (figs 1-2). Kunze does not disclose the plumbing of how the parallel flow is achieved. Okada shows a water cooled engine with parallel flow between the head jacket and the block jacket. Okada discloses that the pump supplies cooling water to the bank center. The bank center is a supply passage for the block jackets. Left and right branches branch off of the bank center to supply cooling water to the head jackets. Okada shows (figs 2-3) that the inlets of the head iackets are at the block-head interface. Okada teaches that parallel flow of the block jackets and head jackets provides improved cooling. Based upon the suggestion of improvement of Okada and the teaching of equivalence of Kunze, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to

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modify Sato by using parallel instead of serial flow between the head and block jackets. The motivation would be to improve the cooling characteristics of the engine. Okada shows left and right branches from a block jacket supply passage that communicate with the cylinder head jacket via gasket faces of the block and head.

6. Claim 2, Okada shows that the branch passages are formed within the block.

Allowable Subject Matter

7. Claim 3 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments filed 9/1/04, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 1, 2, 4, and 5 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yonezawa (US 6,715,454) in view of Watanabe et al. (US 4,684,351) have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made.

Conclusion

9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Morita et al. ('705) demonstrates the equivalence of serial and parallel flow between the head and block jackets (figs 1, 4, and 5). Nanami et al. ('121)

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suggests the equivalence of serial and parallel flow between the head and block jackets (column 6, lines 10-15). Batzill (US 2002/0189558) shows an engine with parallel flow between the head jacket and the block jacket.

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to examiner Andrew D. Wright at telephone number (703) 308-6841. The examiner can normally be reached Monday-Friday from 9:00 - 5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, S. Joe Morano, can be reached at (703) 308-0230. The fax number for official communications is 703-872-9306. The fax number directly to the examiner for unofficial communications is 703-746-3548.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

END WARMINT

Andrew D. Wright Patent Examiner Art Unit 3617